

# TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM UPPER AQUIFER INVESTIGATION MONITORING WELL AND SAMPLING PROPOSAL

## AMERICAN CHEMICAL SERVICE, INC. NPL SITE GRIFFITH, INDIANA

PREPARED FOR
ACS RD/RA EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

PREPARED BY
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#### **PROCEDURES**

#### Field Sampling

Upper aquifer groundwater sampling from the hydraulic probes was conducted in accordance with the SOP for the Upper Aquifer Investigation (revision: January 19, 1996) with the following exceptions:

- The number of shallow groundwater samples collected during the Upper Aquifer Investigation in all of the areas was expanded to include additional sample locations. The total number of sampling locations increased from the 50 locations estimated in the Work Plan to 110 locations utilized for this investigation.
- The number of samples collected from a depth of ten feet below the watertable in the upper aquifer in Area A increased from the two specified in the Work Plan to eight locations, including six requested by the U.S. U.S. EPA during the investigation (GP52A, GP57A, GP66A, GP68A, GP70A, and GP71A).
- The originally planned "deep" samples were collected at GP50A and GP51A. Because clay was found to be located at less than a ten foot depth, these samples were collected at a depth of 9 and 7 feet below the water table respectively.
- Sample GP115 was added at U.S. U.S. EPA request, between GP70 and the landfill.
- No samples were collected from locations GP131 and GP147 because water could not be drawn through the fine sand clogged geoprobe screen.
- Purge volumes were reduced for some low-yielding sample locations, including GP112, GP121, GP122, GP131, GP132, GP153, GP157, GP160, and GP161.
- The sample from GP54 was not analyzed because the odor and color indicated that it was contaminated. A groundwater sample was subsequently collected approximately 100 feet west of this location to delineate the extent of contamination (GP53).
- Two samples were collected from a depth of four feet rather than five feet below the watertable due to inadvertent placement of the slotted screen at GP91 and GP119.
- Water could not be collected from the five foot depth at location GP145, so the probe was driven and additional two feet in depth and the sample was collected from a depth of seven feet.
- A sample could not be collected at location GP72 because of cold weather conditions. A sample was subsequently collected in the same area, and identified as GP80.

- Two sampling locations, GP87 and GP90, yielded foamy samples, so zero-headspace samples could not be collected. The samples were brought to the field GC for immediate analysis from these locations.
- As a result of fine sand clogging the well point used in accordance with the SOP, water samples obtained from GP151 through GP161 were collected by advancing a finely slotted screen (0.010 inch slotted rod 36 inches long by 0.76-inch diameter) enclosed inside the lead probe to the desired sampling depth (5 feet below the watertable). The probe casing was retracted from around the screen, exposing the screen in the aquifer. Water samples were then collected from the probe in accordance with the approved SOP.

#### Field GC Analysis

The approved SOP for the Upper Aquifer Investigation required that upper aquifer samples be analyzed for the compounds: benzene, ethylbenzene, toluene, xylene, chlorobenzene, 1,2-dichloroethene (1,2-DCE), and 1,1-dichloroethane (1,1-DCA). The following were also included in the analysis for the upper aquifer investigation:

• 1,1-dichloroethene (1,1-DCE), 1,1,1-trichloroethane (1,1,1-TCA), trichloroethene (TCE), tetrachloroethene (PCE), acetone, methyl isobutyl ketone (MIBK), methyl ethyl ketone, carbon tetrachloride, and styrene.

#### **RESULTS AND CONCLUSIONS**

Table 1 presents the location coordinates and sampling depths of the upper aquifer groundwater samples. Field analytical results for benzene, acetone, BETX and total VOCs are presented in Table 2. Because benzene and acetone were most frequently detected in shallow groundwater at the site, concentrations of benzene and acetone are also plotted on Figures 3 and 4, respectively. Field GC analytical reports for the target compounds in all samples are tabulated in Appendix A. A discussion of the analytical results and conclusions associated with the Upper Aquifer Investigation is presented according to applicable area of the Site (i.e., A, B, C, or D).

Acetone was added to the target analyte list after the field GC protocol had been established in the Specific Operating Procedures section of the Work Plan, because acetone was detected in a number of the water samples collected during the investigation. However, it is likely that concentrations of acetone below 50 ug/L in groundwater samples are attributable to instrument contamination. Acetone is not well-suited for purge and trap GC analysis utilized for this investigation since it is a highly volatile and polar compound. Because the purge and trap methodology produces moisture within the system, acetone may be attenuated within the trap by the moisture and subsequently elute during multiple purge and trap analyses. In laboratory settings, acetone is a common contaminant which most analytical laboratories equipped with rigorous QA/QC procedures do not report at concentrations less than 20 ug/L.

Acetone has also been identified in vegetation, insects and bacteria as a naturally occurring volatile metabolite. Acetone is a breakdown product of alcohols and is produced through anaerobic degradation of organic matter. Near the ACS site, where wetland areas and farm fields are abundant, organic matter is available in soils at high concentrations (percent levels) for anaerobic degradation and may be contributing to the production of naturally occurring acetone.

Therefore, detections of low concentrations of acetone with a field GC (i.e., less than 50 ug/L) should be viewed as probable instrument cross-contamination or naturally occurring breakdown products, rather than viewed as representative of groundwater contamination.

### Area A - Wetland Area West of the ACS Facility Results

VOCs, primarily benzene and acetone, were detected in the wetland area west of the ACS facility. Figures 3 and 4 show the concentrations of benzene and acetone detected in the area, respectively. Acetone was the most prevalent VOC detected in Area A found in 11 samples (Figure 4). The highest level of acetone was found in GP58 where acetone was detected at an estimated concentration of 50,600 ug/L. However, at a distance of approximately 100 feet west and southwest of this location, acetone was not detected above quantitation limits. South of GP58 and GP60, acetone was detected at significantly lower concentrations (Figure 4).

Benzene was only detected in three samples in the wetland, GP53, GP55, and GP57, at concentrations of 550 ug/L, 5000 ug/L and 400 ug/L, respectively. Other VOCs detected in groundwater samples collected from GP53 and GP55 include cis- and trans-1,2-DCE and toluene (Appendix A).

A comparison of the eight deeper groundwater samples collected adjacent to shallow samples is shown in Table 3. At GP57, both benzene and acetone were detected at higher concentrations in the 10 foot deep sample compared to five foot deep sample. At the other nested sample locations, acetone was the only VOC detected in samples (GP50, GP68) and was found at slightly higher concentrations in the deep samples. No VOCs were detected in either the shallow or the deeper samples collected at GP51, GP52, GP66, GP70 and GP71.

#### Conclusions

The extent of contamination in the upper aquifer has been defined in the wetland area west of the ACS facility. A line of "zero" VOC concentrations was established in the upper aquifer by samples (from north to south) GP62, GP61, GP66, GP52, GP71, GP51 and GP70. This is consistent with Objective #1 established for the Area A investigation.

The line of "zero" contamination forms a sharp boundary which coincides with the border between the wetland area to the west and dry land to the east. In the area near GP57, benzene concentrations sharply decreased from 5000 ug/L at GP57 to less than detection limits at GP58 located approximately 100 feet west. Other areas exhibit a similar abrupt

decrease in contaminant concentration over a relatively small distance. This sharp boundary is unlike other areas of the site which typically exhibit groundwater contamination as a gradational zone. The sharp contrast between contaminated and non-contaminated groundwater in Area A is likely due to the wetland area acting as a discharge boundary for the upper aquifer groundwater flow system. The wetland areas have standing water and there is essentially no horizontal gradient beneath the wetlands. Therefore, there is no driving force to push the benzene contaminated water further out into the wetland.

The results of the deep groundwater samples in the upper aquifer indicate that VOC sampling five feet below the water table provide results that are representative of the entire saturated thickness of the upper aquifer. This is evidenced by the lack of VOC detections in shallow and deep groundwater samples GP51/GP51A, GP52/GP52A, GP66/GP66A, GP70/GP70A and GP71/GP71A which are located downgradient of samples containing higher concentrations of VOCs. This data shows that objective #2 for Area A has been met.

#### Area B - East of Colfax, South of Reder Road

#### Results

VOCs were detected in many of the groundwater samples collected in Area B (Table 2). Figures 3 and 4 show the concentrations of benzene and acetone, respectively, detected in the area. The highest VOC concentrations were found in groundwater samples collected just north of the UST located at the City of Griffith landfill and south of the intersection of Colfax and Reder Roads. Benzene was detected as high as 6,950 ug/L near the former UST (GP124), and was also found at elevated concentrations south of Reder Road (4,580 ug/L in GP121, and 3,430 ug/L in GP82). Acetone was detected near the UST, ranging in concentration from 3,900 ug/L in GP87 to 6,000 ug/L in GP123, and south of Reder Road at concentrations ranging from 834 ug/L in GP122 to 4,780 ug/L in GP121 (Figure 4). Other VOCs detected in the area include 1,2-dichloroethane, 1,1,1-TCA, toluene, ethylbenzene, xylenes and styrene (Appendix A).

South of the intersection of Colfax and Reder Roads, the highest concentrations of VOCs, primarily benzene, acetone, ethylbenzene and xylene, were detected at GP116, GP120, GP128 and GP134. These sampling locations are generally located in a north-south line approximately 600 to 700 feet east of Colfax Road (see Figure 2). East and west of this line, VOCs were either generally not detected or found at concentrations significantly less than the central line. VOCs were not found in GP84, GP85, GP86, and GP132 to the east of this line, whereas to the west, VOCs were not detected in GP118, GP129, GP135 and GP145 (Table 2).

Benzene concentrations in the central plume decreased from GP82 (3,430 ug/L) to the north to GP120 (131 ug/L), then increased again to the south from GP120 (131 ug/L) to GP128 (506 ug/L) to GP134 (1100 ug/L). South of GP134, benzene concentrations decreased again at GP143, GP144 and GP156 (Figure 3). The southern and southeastern extent of benzene contamination in the upper aquifer was delineated by groundwater samples

collected at GP151 to GP155 and GP158 and GP159. Benzene was not detected at sample locations GP135 and GP145 located further to the west.

Acetone concentrations generally decreased with distance to the south from the site (Figure 4). The southernmost detection of acetone occurred at GP156, located approximately 1600 feet southeast of the intersection of Colfax and Reder roads, where acetone was detected at 34 ug/L. Acetone was not detected in GP118, GP129 GP144, and GP155 to the west, GP159 and GP158 to the southeast, and GP85, GP132, GP151, and GP152 and to the east. Two isolated detections of acetone occurred at GP153 and GP157 where acetone was found at 15 ug/L and 38 ug/L, respectively.

#### **Conclusions**

There are several potential sources of elevated BETX concentrations upgradient of monitoring well MW6, near the intersection of Colfax and Reder Roads. Possible sources include the UST area at the City of Griffith garage, the Off-Site Containment area and the area designated as the Kapica-Pazmey area in the RI.

It appears that there is a zone of VOC contamination in the upper aquifer extending from the Kapica-Pazmey area, south from monitoring well MW-6 to MW-19 and beyond. The increasing benzene concentrations in GP128 and GP134, located approximately 1000 feet southeast of the Off-Site Containment area and UST, may indicate that another source is present in the area. One potential source is a petroleum pipeline which trends east-west through the investigation area from east of GP145 to west of GP152. Groundwater elevation data collected in this area from several planned new monitoring wells will be useful in determining whether there is benzene migration northward from the pipeline.

The extent of VOC contamination in the upper aquifer south of Reder Road was defined during the investigation. A line of "zero" VOC detections can be established in the upper aquifer by samples which surround the plume of benzene and acetone to the west, south and east. This is consistent with Objective #1 established for the Area B investigation. With respect to Objective #2, the UST area in the Griffith town yard cannot be ruled out as an additional source of benzene.

#### Area C - Southwest of Griffith Landfill

#### Results

Acetone was the only VOC detected in Area C at three sampling locations. The acetone concentrations range from 34 ug/L in GP73 to 57 ug/L in GP74. Concentrations of acetone detected in GP73 and GP74 were not detected in groundwater samples collected 200 feet southwest (Figure 4).

#### **Conclusions**

The results indicate there is not significant VOC contamination extending to the southwest from the site. This satisfies the objective established for the Upper Aquifer Investigation in Area C. The sporadic low level detections of acetone do not form a pattern recognizable as

a contaminant plume. The source of the acetone appears to be attributable to laboratory contamination or naturally occurring processess.

#### Area D - North and East Perimeter

#### Results

East of Colfax Road, VOCs were detected in groundwater samples collected from GP90. GP91, GP92, GP93 and GP94. The highest VOC concentrations were found in GP90, located near the intersection of Colfax and Reder Roads, where cis-1,2-DCE, total BETX, and MIBK were detected at 25,700 ug/L, 52,720 ug/L and 8960 ug/L, respectively (Appendix A). At GP91, located 200 feet north of GP90, total VOC concentrations decreased to 16.2 ug/L, and at GP101, located approximately 400 feet east, VOCs were not detected.

VOCs were detected above quantitation limits in only one of the upper aquifer groundwater samples collected east of the north-south line of points defined by GP90 to GP93. The VOC, 1,2-DCA, was detected at a concentration of 10 ug/L in GP94 (Appendix A).

North of the ACS site in Area D, VOCs were detected in samples GP104 through GP108, GP112, GP114, GP139 and GP140 (Table 2). The highest VOC concentrations were detected in samples GP105 and GP107, where total VOCs were 327 ug/L and 6,213 ug/L, respectively (Table 2). These samples contained several VOC constituents, including acetone, benzene, 1,1-DCA, cis-1,2-DCE, and MIBK above the quantitation limit. The distribution of benzene and acetone in the north perimeter area is presented in Figures 3 and 4, respectively. Benzene was detected only in GP105, GP106 and GP107, whereas acetone was detected in samples collected throughout the area (Figure 4). In samples GP139 and GP140, acetone was the only compound detected in the groundwater samples.

#### **Conclusions**

The extent of impacted groundwater has been defined along the east perimeter of the ACS site by the Upper Aquifer Investigation. The absence of VOC detections in samples GP95 through GP101 indicates that VOCs have not migrated beyond 300 feet east of Colfax Road. This is consistent with both the results of previous investigations and the upper aquifer groundwater flow system in the area (Objective #1). Groundwater flow in a northerly direction on the east perimeter of the ACS site appears to provide a hydraulic barrier to eastward migration of VOCs (Figure 1).

The extent of benzene contamination north of the ACS site is defined by groundwater samples from locations GP108, GP139 to GP140, GP113 and GP104 (Figure 3). With exceptions of the detection of acetone in several samples and MIBK detected in GP108, the extent of the benzene plume also corresponds to the outer limits of VOC contamination (Objective #2). The extent of acetone detections was not defined to a "zero" line north of samples GP139 and GP140 in the perimeter area. The low level detections of acetone appear to decrease to the north onto LaSalle Steel property. (Monitoring wells planned for this area will provide further data for the final clarification of the acetone anomaly.)

#### RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on the results and conclusions of the Upper Aquifer Investigation, the overall objective of the investigation, to delineate the extent of upper aquifer contamination sufficiently to locate the placement of additional monitoring wells, has been satisfied around the site.

The following actions are proposed to complete the delineation of upper aquifer VOC contamination.

- Area A The extent of VOC contamination has been defined by a series of closely spaced (100 foot) sampling locations. The sampling showed a clear delineation between the zones of contamination and non-contamination. VOC contamination does not extend westward, beyond the edge of the wetland. Because of the clear delineation of VOC contamination, and the difficulties inherent in constructing monitoring wells within the wetlands, no additional monitoring wells are proposed at this location.
- Area B Four monitoring wells are proposed to supplement existing well MW-19 in defining the limits of VOC contamination in this area. The preliminary locations of the four wells, labeled A, B, C, and D, are shown on Figure 5. The wells will be installed in close proximity to the location where shallow groundwater samples were collected at GP135, GP159, GP151 and GP155. These locations have been selected to surround the VOC plume and provide an indication of whether the extent of contamination is remaining constant or expanding. Final locations will be selected in the field, based on accessibility, with concurrence from the U.S. U.S. EPA, its field oversight subcontractor and IDEM.
- Area C No monitoring wells are proposed for the southwest side of the landfill. Acetone was the only VOC sporadically detected in this area at concentrations less than 31 ug/L. Detections of acetone at these concentrations can be attributed to either field GC contamination or naturally occurring anaerobic degradation processes. Two existing monitoring wells located in Area C (MW01, MW15; Figure 1) will continue to serve as sentinel wells for monitoring potential contaminant migration southwest of the landfill area.
- Area D Two additional monitoring wells screened in the upper aquifer are proposed along the north side of the site. The locations, labeled E and F on Figure 5, have been selected to represent presently non-contaminated groundwater. These new wells will act as sentinel wells, providing an indication whether the extent of contamination is remaining constant or expanding. Final locations will be selected in the field, based on accessibility, with concurrence from the U.S. U.S. EPA, its field oversight subcontractor and IDEM.

The Upper Aquifer Investigation confirms that VOC contamination has not extended significantly off site to the east of Colfax Avenue, and north of Reder Road. Therefore, no additional monitoring wells are proposed in this area.

#### RESIDENTIAL WELL IDENTIFICATION AND SAMPLING

Due to the dimensions of the VOC plume east of Colfax and south of Reder Road, locations of residential wells in this area were identified which may be potentially susceptible to VOC migration from the upper aquifer to the lower aquifer (lower aquifer is the formation in which the residential wells are screened). Four residential wells have been identified in the area and are listed below:

Merchants National Bank (currently rented by Georgia Gibson) 1002 Reder Road

Kazimierz Rybacki 430 East Avenue H

Gerald Cottingham 940 Arbogast

Mark Jansen 950 Arbogast

The locations of the properties are shown on Figure 5. It is recommended that water samples be collected from these four residential to coincide with the collection of groundwater samples from the new monitoring wells proposed in this Technical Memorandum. Well logs for the residential wells will be made available prior to sampling. A schedule for installing and sampling the new upper aquifer monitoring and for sampling the residential wells will be prepared and submitted to the Agencies ten days after this Upper Aquifer Investigation report is approved.

#### SURFACE WATER SAMPLE

One surface water sample was collected near P61, north of the ACS facility (Figure 2). The sample was taken from standing surface water adjacent to a ditch that flows beneath the railroad tracks from properties north of the site (i.e., LaSalle Steel) towards the wetland area (Area A). The water sample was analyzed with the field GC and found to contain benzene at 1100 ug/L. No other VOCs were detected in the water sample.

#### **Attachments:**

- Table 1. Summary of Sampling Coordinates and Depths
- Table 2. Tabulation of Selected VOC Detections
- Table 3. Comparison of Shallow and Deep Groundwater Samples in the Upper Aquifer
- Figure 1. Upper Aquifer Sampling Areas
- Figure 2. Plot of Upper Aquifer Sampling Locations
- Figure 3. Upper Aquifer Plot of Benzene Detections (ppb)
- Figure 4. Upper Aquifer Plot of Acetone Detections (ppb)
- Figure 5. Location of Proposed Monitoring Wells and Residential Well Sampling

Appendix A. Tabulation of VOC Analyses with Field GC

Appendix B. Copies of Field GC Printouts and Plots (available upon request)

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Table 1. Summary of Sample Coordinates and Depths ACS NPL Site

			Approx.	Approx.
	East	North	G.W. Level	Sample Depth
Probe No.		<u>feet</u>	<u>feet</u>	<u>feet</u>
GP50	4756.5	7309.0	3.0	8.0
GP-50A	4756.5	7309.0	3.0	12.0
GP51	4568.2	7240.7	1.5	6.5
GP-51A	4568.2	7240.7	1.5	8.5
GP52	4813.6	7857.5	0.5	5.5
GP52A	4687.4	7519.2	0.5	10.5
GP53	5042.0	7618.2	1.5	6.5
GP55	5026.8	7451.6	1.0	6.0
GP56	4994.1	7750.3	1.0	6.0
GP57	4938.8	7658.5	1.5	6.5
GP57A	4938.8	7658.5	1.5	11.5
GP58	4829.8	7705.0	1.0	6.0
GP59	4751.7	7615.9	1.0	6.0
GP60	4830.7	7537.2	1.5	6.5
GP61	4741.4	7752.7	1.0	6.0
GP62	4687.4	7519.2	1.5	6.5
GP63	4855.1	7259.5	1.5	6.5
GP64	4798.0	7166.3	1.0	6.0
GP65	4763.6	7087.3	1.0	6.0
GP66	4716.0	7632.5	1.0	6.0
GP66A	4716.0	7632.5	0.1	11.0
GP67	4723.3	7432.8	1.0	6.0
GP68	4731.6	7032.7	2.5	7.5
GP68A	4731.6	7032.7	2.5	12.5
GP69	4747.1	7168.2	2.0	7.0
GP70	4616.5	7064.6	1.5	6.5
GP70A	4616.5	7064.6	0.0	10.0
GP71	4628.8	7420.4	0.5	5.5
GP71A	4628.8	7420.4	0.0	10.0
GP72	5472.9	5563.3	ns	ns
GP73	4797.3	4726.1	5.0	11.0
GP74	4698.9	4904.4	4.5	11.0
GP75	4606.8	5082.5	5.5	11.0

Table 1. Summary of Sample Coordinates and Depths ACS NPL Site

		- <del>1</del>	Approx.	Approx.
	East	North	G.W. Level	Sample Depth
Probe No.	feet	feet	<u>feet</u>	feet
GP76	4509.4	5257.8	5.0	10.0
GP77	4395.7	5420.9	4.5	10.5
GP78	4305.3	5619.1	5.0	10.0
GP79	4212.7	5795.8	5.0	10.0
GP80	5472.9	5563.3	19.0	24.0
GP81	5622.8	5547.8	15.0	20.0
GP82	5621.1	5352.5	9.0	14.0
GP83	5822.3	5356.9	9.0	14.0
GP84	5797.9	5171.7	9.0	14.0
GP85	5806.4	4972.5	5.0	10.0
GP86	5976.4	5043.0	6.0	11.0
GP87	5111.6	5523.4	10.0	15.0
GP88	5160.6	5368.9	13.0	18.0
GP89	5118.5	5565.8	21.0	26.0
GP90	5538.8	5705.9	19.0	24.0
GP91	5610.7	5891.5	17.0	21.0
GP92	5725.9	6086.7	13.0	18.0
GP93	5802.3	6267.1	11.0	16.0
GP94	6149.4	6280.2	10.0	15.0
GP95	6230.7	6472.2	4.0	9.0
GP96	6298.7	6648.4	4.0	9.0
GP97	6295.1	6832.1	4.0	9.0
GP98	6350.2	7046.3	4.0	9.0
GP99	6410.4	7280.7	6.0	11.0
GP100	6405.0	7678.9	6.0	11.0
GP101	5944.6	5706.5	10.0	15.0
GP102	5994.6	5905.4	10.0	15.0
GP103	6062.3	6086.4	3.0	8.0
GP104	6217.2	7736.6	3.0	8.0
GP105	6002.5	7753.3	4.0	9.0
GP106	5818.0	7827.9	3.0	8.0
GP107	5581.7	7906.7	2.0	7.0
GP108	5398.0	7984.1	2.0	7.0
GP109	5195.9	7973.0	3.0	8.0

Table 1. Summary of Sample Coordinates and Depths ACS NPL Site

[	<del></del>		Approx.	Approx.
	East	North	G.W. Level	Sample Depth
Probe No	1	feet	feet	feet
GP110	4949.6	8072.4	4.0	9.0
GP111	6368.8	7845.2	5.0	10.0
GP112	6138.2	7961.0	3.0	8.0
GP113	5985.9	7954.8	4.0	9.0
GP114	5794.2	8025.5	4.0	9.0
GP115	4592.5	6905.3	6.0	11.0
GP116	5651.9	4835.4	5.0	10.0
GP117	5435.5	4793.5	2.0	7.0
GP118	5084.4	4798.9	4.0	9.0
GP119	5777.1	4741.2	5.0	9.0
GP120	5594.5	4625.2	1.5	6.5
GP121	5393.1	5512.7	21.0	26.0
GP122	5305.8	5361.2	15.0	20.0
GP123	5114.8	5612.9	21.0	26.0
GP124	5231.1	5606.3	22.0	27.0
GP125	6234.4	7399.7	10.0	15.0
GP126	5889.3	4782.9	3.0	8.0
GP127	5816.6	4591.6	4.0	9.0
GP128	5587.7	4518,1	3.0	8.0
GP129	5392.9	4629.7	3.0	8.0
GP130	5275.9	4790.1	4.0	9.0
GP131	6088.4	4830.5	ns	ns
GP132	6056.7	4630.5	4.0	9.0
GP133	5929.2	4450.4	5.0	10.0
GP134	5737.9	4367.5	4.0	9.0
GP135	5489.0	4348.2	7.0	12.0
GP136	5398.1	4501.4	3.0	8.0
GP137	6252.8	8061.6	4.5	9.5
GP138	6039.3	8131.7	3.0	8.0
GP139	5877.2	8195.5	4.0	9.0
GP140	5650.8	8208.5	5.0	10.0
GP141	5458.5	8139.6	4.0	9.0
GP142	5229.5	8092.5	6.0	11.0
GP143	5923.7	4120.5	5.0	10.0

Table 1. Summary of Sample Coordinates and Depths ACS NPL Site

			Approx.	Approx.
	East	North	G.W. Level	Sample Depth
Probe No.	<u>feet</u>	<u>feet</u>	<u>feet</u>	<u>feet</u>
GP144	5735.3	4126.4	4.0	9.0
GP145	5545.9	4217.0	5.0	12.0
GP146	5728.0	3713.4	4.0	9.0
GP147	5737.9	3303.0	ns	ns
GP148	4571.6	4681.2	9.0	14.0
GP149	4495.9	4858.4	6.0	11.0
GP150	4971.8	4804.2	4.0	9.0
GP151	6125.5	4434.9	4.0	9.0
GP152	6186.9	4209.7	4.0	9.0
GP153	5616.1	4023.2	1.0	6.0
GP154	5696.9	3863.9	2.0	7.0
GP155	5907.7	3879.7	2.5	7.5
GP156	6077.8	4003.6	2.0	7.0
GP157	5511.0	3980.2	0.1	6.0
GP158	6296.3	3994.5	3.0	8.0
GP159	6147.1	3809.8	2.0	7.0
GP160	5511.0	3877.1	1.0	6.0
GP161	5413.9	4054.1	0.5	5.5

#### notes:

- 1. ns no sample collected
- 2. No sample collected from GP72. Sample obtained from same location later and renamed GP80.

Table 2. Tabulation of Selected VOC Detections
Upper Aquifer Investigation, ACS NPL Site

Ducks	Coor	dinatas	Acetone	Benzene	ветх	Total VOCs
Probe		dinates	ł	i		1
Number	Easting	Northing	(ug/L)	(ug/L)	(ug/L)	(ppm)
GP50	4756.5	7309.0	19	nd	nd	0.019
GP51	4568.2	7240.7	nd	nd	nd	nd
GP52	4813.6	7857.5	nd	nd	nd	nd
GP53	5042.0	7618.2	210	550	573	0.81
GP55	5026.8	7451.6	15	400	400	0.42
GP56	4994.1	7750.3	6700	nd	nd	6.7
GP57	4938.8	7658.5	770	5000	5000	5.7
GP58	4829.8	7705.0	50600	nd	nd	50.6
GP59	4751.7	7615.9	11	nd	nd	0.011
GP60	4830.7	7537.2	3560	nd	nd	3.56
GP61	4741.4	7752.7	nd	nd	nd	nd
GP62	4687.4	7519.2	nd	nd	nd	nd
GP63	4855.1	7259.5	nd	nd	nd	nd
GP64	4798.0	7166.3	12	nd	nd	0.012
GP65	4763.6	7087.3	nd	nd	nd	nd
3P66	4716.0	7632.5	nd	nd	nd	nd
3P67	4723.3	7432.8	715	nd	nd	0.715
3P68	4731.6	7032.7	17	nd	nd	0.017
GP69	4747.1	7168.2	nd	nd	nd	nd
3P70	4616.5	7064.6	nd	nd	nd	nd
GP71	4628.8	7420.4	nd	nd	nd	nd
SP72	5474.1	5558.7	ns	ns	ns	ns
SP73	4797.3	4726.1	34	nd	nd	0.034
P74	4698.9	4904.4	57	nd	nd	0.057
P75	4606.8	5082.5	nd	nd	nd	nd
P76	4509.4	5257.8	nd	nd	nd	nd
P77	4395.7	5420.9	nd	nd	nd	nd
P78	4305.3	5619.1	31.1	nd	nd	0.031
P79	4212.7	5795.8	nd	nd	nd	nd
P80	5472.9	5563.3	nd	7860	22803	23.1
P81	5622.8	5547.8	1720	nd	13868	18.80
P82	5621.1	5352.5	4450	3430	21550	29.5
P83	5822.3	5356.9	nd	nd	16.7	0.0167
P84	5797.9	5171.7	nd	nd	nd	nd
P85	5806.4	4972.5	nd	nd	nd	nd
P86	5976.4	5043.0	nd	nd	nd	nd
P87	5111.6	5523.4	3900	410	660	4.6
iP88	5160.6	5368.9	159	nd nd		0.16
					nd 6560	
P89	5118.5	5565.8	2910	1060	6560	9.5
P90 P91	$\frac{5538.8}{5610.7}$	5705.9 5891.5	3960 nd	8260 nd	52720 6.1	93 0.016

Table 2. Tabulation of Selected VOC Detections
Upper Aquifer Investigation, ACS NPL Site

						Total
Probe	Coor	dinates	Acetone	Benzene	BETX	VOCs
Number	Easting	Northing	(ug/L)	(ug/L)	(ug/L)	(ppm)
GP92	5725.9	6086.7	81.5	nd	nd	0.082
GP93	5802.3	6267.1	42.7	5	5	0.053
GP94	6149.4	6280.2	nd	nd	nd	0.01
GP95	6230.7	6472.2	nd	nd	nd	nd
GP96	6298.7	6648.4	nd	nd	nd	nd
GP97	6295.1	6832.1	nd	nd	nd	nd
GP98	6350.2	7046.3	nd	nd	nd	nd
GP99	6410.4	7280.7	nd	nd	nd	nd
GP100	6405.0	7678.9	nd	nd	nd	nd
GP101	5944.6	5706.5	nd	nd	nd	nd
GP102	5994.6	5905.4	nd	nd	nd	nd
GP103	6062.3	6086.4	nd	nd	nd	nd
GP104	6217.2	7736.6	47.9	nd	nd	0.048
GP105	6002.5	7753.3	205	52.5	52.5	0.33
GP106	5818.0	7827.9	37.5	118	118	0.16
GP107	5581.7	7906.7	860	5320	5320	6.2
GP108	5398.0	7984.1	nd	nd	nd	0.0061
GP109	5195.9	7973.0	nd	nd	nd	nd
GP110	4949.6	8072.4	nd	nd	nd	nd
GP111	6368.8	7845.2	nd	nd	nd	nd
GP112	6138.2	7961.0	172	nd	nd	0.17
GP113	5985.9	7954.8	nd	nd	nd	nd
3P114	5794.2	8025.5	53.3	nd	nd	0.053
GP115	4592.5	6905.3	nd	nd	nd	nd
SP116	5651.9	4835.4	240	710	5926	6.2
SP117	5435.5	4793.5	175	nd	nd	0.18
GP118	5084.4	4798.9	nd	nd	nd	nd
SP119	5777.1	4741.2	16.6	5.2	5.2	0.03
P120	5594.5	4625.2	719	131	376	1.1
P121	5393.1	5512.7	4780	4580	11840	17
P122	5305.8	5361.2	834	nd	nd	0.83
P123	5114.8	5612.9	6000	1590	3680	19
P124	5231.1	5606.3	3810	6950	6950	11
P125	6234.4	7399.7	nd	nd	nd	nd
P126	5889.3	4782.9	51.4	nd	nd	0.067
P127	5816.6	4591.6	13.4	nd	nd	0.019
P128	5587.7	4518.1	nd	506	5376	5.4
3P129	5392.9	4629.7	nd	nd	nd	nd
GP130	5275.9	4790.1	168	nd	nd	0.17
P131	6088.4	4830.5	ns	ns	ns	ns
P132	6056.7	4630.5	nd	nd	nd	nd
GP133	5929.2	4450.4	61.6	5.1	5.1	0.067

Table 2. Tabulation of Selected VOC Detections
Upper Aquifer Investigation, ACS NPL Site

Probe	Coom	dinates	Acetone	Benzene	BETX	Total VOCs
Number	Easting	Northing	(ug/L)	(ug/L)	(ug/L)	(ppm)
GP134	5737.9	4367.5	412	1100	1132.6	1.63
GP135	5489.0	4348.2	nd	nd	nd	nd
GP136	5398.1	4501.4	19.2	5.3	5.3	0.0245
GP137	6252.8	8061.6	nd	nd	nd	nd
GP138	6039.3	8131.7	nd	nd	nd	nd
GP139	5877.2	8195.5	50.2	nd	nd	0.05
GP140	5650.8	8208.5	21.3	nd	nd	0.021
GP141	5458.5	8139.6	nđ	nd	nd	nd
GP142	5229.5	8092.5	nd	nd	nd	nd
GP143	5923.7	4120.5	58.5	252	357	0.416
GP144	5735.3	4126.4	nd	172	172	0.172
GP145	5545.9	4217.0	nd	nd	nd	nd
GP146	5728.0	3713.4	nd	nd	nd	nd
GP147	5737.9	3303.0	ns	ns	ns	ns
GP148	4571.6	4681.2	nd	nd	nd	nd
GP149	4495.9	4858.4	nd	nd	nd	nd
GP150	4971.8	4804.2	nd	nd	nd	nd
GP151	6125.5	4434.9	nd	nd	nd	nd
GP152	6186.9	4209.7	nd	nd	nd	nd
GP153	5616.1	4023.2	15	nd	nd	0.015
GP154	5696.9	3863.9	nd	nd	nd	nd
GP155	5907.7	3879.7	nd	nd	nd	nd
GP156	6077.8	4003.6	34	38.8	38.8	0.073
GP157	5511.0	3980.2	38	nd	nd	0.038
GP158	6296.3	3994.5	nd	nd	nd	nd
GP159	6147.1	3809.8	nd	nd	nd	nd
GP160	5511.0	3877.1	nd	nd	nd	nd
GP161	5413.9	4054.1	nd	nd	nd	nd

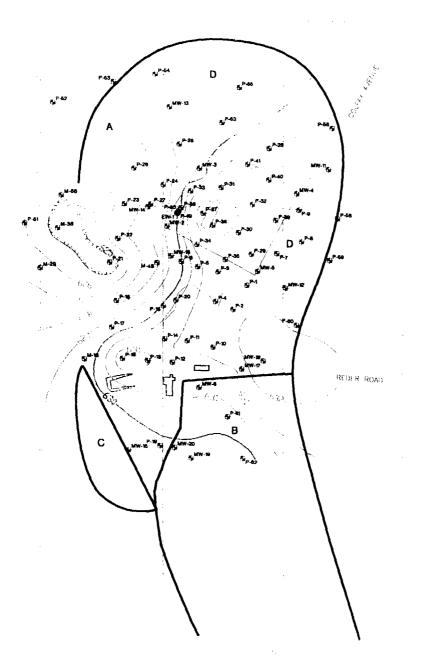
#### notes:

- 1. nd not detected
- 2. ns no sample collected
- 3. total VOCs sum total of target VOCs (Appendix A)

Table 3. Comparison of Shallow and Deep Groundwater Samples in Upper Aquifer ACS NPL Site

	Approx. Sample	Concentra	ation (ug/L)
Probe No.	Depth (ft)	<u>Benzene</u>	Acetone
GP-50	8.0	nd	19
GP-50A	12.0	nd	44
GP-51	6.5	nd	nd
GP-51A	8.5	nd	nd
GP-52	5.5	nd	nd
GP-52A	10.5	nd	nd
GP-57	6.5	5,000	770
GP-57A	11.5	44,700	1,400
			<u></u>
GP-66	6.0	nd	nd
GP-66A	11.0	nd	nd
GP-68	7.5	nd	17
GP-68A	12.5	nd	348
GP-70	6.5	nd	nd
GP-70A	10.0	nd	nd
GP-71	5.5	nd	nd
GP-71A	10.0	nd	nd

Note: "A" designation indicates deep groundwater sample (i.e., 10 foot depth).



#### LEGEND

FOR FURTHER DESCRIPTION AREAS SEE TEXT

AND NUMBER WELL LOCATION

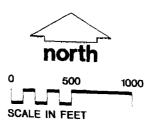
LEACHATE/UPPER AQUIFFR WITE LOCATION AND NUMBER

PIEZOMETER LOCATION AND NUMBER

626 - CROUNDWATER ELEVATION CONTOUR

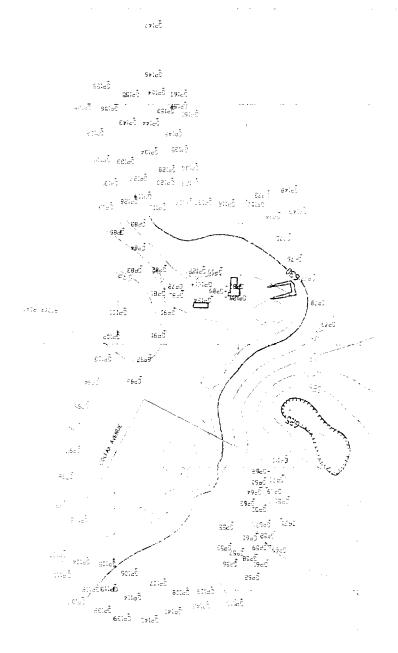
#### LEGEND

1. GROUNDWATER ELEVATION WAS MEASURED AT THE SITE ON OCTOBER 30, 1995.



4077,0072 **B1** 

MONTGOMERY WATSON



\*.... Communication of the com

SCALE IN FEET

200

1000

UPPER AQUIFER PLOT OF BENZENE (PPb)

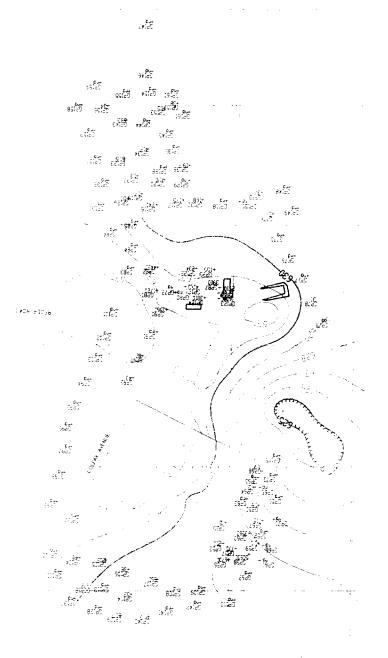
DOLTH SCALE IN FEET

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£3+ 20.42 3,100 estão 75tão 29tão (कोर्ट) कोर्टी (कोर्ट) कोर्टी (कोर्ट) कोर्टी (कोर्ट) (कोर्ट) (कोर्ट) कोर्टी . जी की की की की की जी की की නය මේස්ත්ර නය මේස්ත්ර නය සේක්ර 7/2 E7/2] 9860 9860 s/co CASS RECAR of Go 16 a S ufa**t** 63/65 847 ารอิก 86 e D 22. 12.00 674 82.00 12.00 erfes sefas ::....

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NORTH SCALE IN FEET



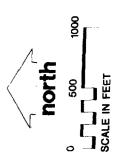
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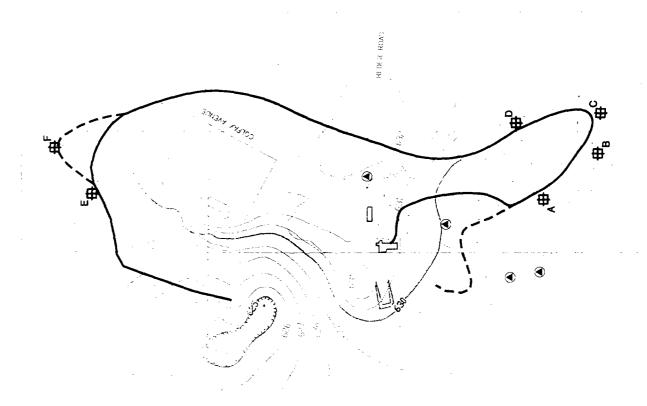
هیره دیکندی را هنریککسفید و رفید کنواندی در فیک سایه دیرانه ۱۹۰۳ در در در FIGURE 4

AND RESIDENTIAL WELL SAMPLING WELLS

2.18.00 30.3.3,35 VE NE DECD BASE







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chk'd to 3/14/96	GP50	GP50A	GP51	GP51A	GPFB01 1/24/96	GPTB01 1/24/96	GP52	GP53	GP55	GP56
Compound - Field GC	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L_	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L
Acetone	19	44						210	15	6700
1,1 Dichloroethene										0700
trans 1,2 Dichloroethene					1	-		23	5	
1,1 Dichloroethane				T	1			†····		
2-Butanone (MEK)				1					+	•
cis 1,2 Dichloroethene			1					<del></del>		
1,2 Dichloroethane			1	1				<del> </del>	<del> </del>	
1,1,1 Trichloroethane					1			<del> </del>		
Benzene					† · · ·			550	100	
Carbon tetrachloride					†				400	
Trichloroethene								<del> </del>	<del> </del>	
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)								<del></del>	<del> </del>	
1,1,2 Trichloroethane					<del> </del>			<del> </del>	<del> </del>	
Toluene					† - · - <del></del>			23		
Tetrachloroethene					1			23		
Chlorobenzene								<del> </del>		
Ethylbenzene					1			<del> </del>	<del> </del>	
m+p Xylene					† ·	<del> </del>		<del> </del>	<del> </del>	
Styrene					†			<del> </del>	+	
o Xylene										
TOTAL VOCs (PPM)	0.019	0.044	0	0	1 0	0	0	0.813	0.42	6.7

chk'd to 3/14/96	GP57	GP58	GP59	GP60	GP61	GP62	GP63	GP64	GP65	GPTB02 1/25/95
Compound - Field GC	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L
Acetone	770	50600	11	3560*				12	ug/L.	ug/1.
1,1 Dichloroethene						†- <del></del> -		12		
trans 1,2 Dichloroethene							<del> </del>			<u>.</u>
1,1 Dichloroethane						<u> </u>	<del></del>		<del> </del>	
2-Butanone (MEK)								<del> </del>		
cis 1,2 Dichloroethene							<del> </del>	<del></del>		
1,2 Dichloroethane							<del> </del>			
1,1,1 Trichloroethane					<del></del>		<del> </del>		<del></del>	
Benzene	5000			1	<del> </del>		<del> </del>	<del> </del>		
Carbon tetrachloride							<del></del>			
Trichloroethene					· ·		-	<del> </del>		
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)						<del> </del>	<del> </del>			
1,1,2 Trichloroethane							<del> </del>	<del> </del>		1
Toluene							<del> </del>	<del> </del>	1	
Tetrachloroethene					-		<del> </del>			–
Chlorobenzene						-	<del>                                     </del>	<del> </del>		
Ethylbenzene								<del> </del>		
m+p Xylene							<del> </del>	<del> </del>		
Styrene						<del> </del>	<del></del>	<del> </del>		}
o Xylene						İ			1	
		50.6	0.00	-					1	1
TOTAL VOCs (PPM)	5.77	50.6	0.011	0	0	0	0	0.012	0	

chk'd to 3/14/96	GPFB02 1/25/96	GP66	GP67	GP68	GP68 Dup	GP69	GP70	GP71		GP73
Compound - Field GC	ug/l.	ug/I.	ug/L_	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	+
Acetone			715	17	21			18/11	ug/1.	ug/L
1,1 Dichloroethene										34
trans 1,2 Dichloroethene										+
1,1 Dichloroethane									<del></del> .	
2-Butanone (MEK)										
cis 1,2 Dichloroethene					† <del>-</del>	<del></del> -			<del></del>	
1,2 Dichloroethane					<u> </u>					-+
1,1,1 Trichloroethane				<del>-</del> ·	†	<del></del>				<del>-</del>
Benzene					† · · · <del>  </del>					
Carbon tetrachloride			1		+			<del> </del>		:
Trichloroethene				•	† · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·		<del> </del>		:
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)								<u> </u>		•
1,1,2 Trichloroethane					<u> </u>					
Toluene			1		† · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Tetrachloroethene			1		<del> </del>		<del> </del>			
Chlorobenzene			†		·		<del> </del>			
Ethylbenzene					+		<del> </del>			
m+p Xylene					t		ļ			
Styrene					† · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<del> </del>	<del> </del>		
o Xylene										
TOTAL VOCs (PPM)		0	0.715	0.0169	+	0	0	0	0	0.034

		GP-1/26/96	GP-1/29/96			! 				<u> </u>	
chk'd to 3/14/96	GP74	TB.	FB	GP75	<b>GP</b> 76	GP77	GP78	GP-1/31/96-FB	GP79	GP80	GP81
Compound - Field GC	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/l	ug/L	ug/l
Acetone	57						31.1	13		ug/L	1720
1,1 Dichloroethene								<del> 1</del>			1720 _
trans 1,2 Dichloroethene										<del> </del>	<del>                                     </del>
1,1 Dichloroethane											
2-Butanone (MEK)						· · ·					
cis 1,2 Dichloroethene											
1,2 Dichloroethane			15.4					10.1		217	2270
1,1,1 Trichloroethane					-			10.1		317	2770 445
Benzene					<u> </u>			<del></del>		7860	443
Carbon tetrachloride								<del>                                     </del>	L	7800	ł
Trichloroethene											
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)											ļ —.—.
1,1,2 Trichloroethane											
Toluene							<del>                                     </del>	<del></del>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	052	(50)
Tetrachloroethene						<del> </del>				253	658
Chlorobenzene					-					<del> </del>	†
Ethylbenzene							<del> </del>			2100	2110
m+p Xylene							<u> </u>	<del> </del>		3100	3110
Styrene							†			10800	10100
o Xylene					<u> </u>	· ·		<del></del>		790	-
					<u></u>	† · · · - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	†			790	i
TOTAL VOCs (PPM)	0.0574	0	0.0154	0	0	0	0.0311	0.0231	0	23.12	18.803

chk'd to 3/14/96	GP82	GP83	GP-1/31/96-TB	GP84	GP85	GP85 Dup	<b>GP8</b> 6	FB 2/1/96	TB 2/1/97	GP87	GP87 Dup
Compound - Field GC	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L_	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L
Acetone	4450									3900	3000
1,1 Dichloroethene										3200	3,000
trans 1,2 Dichloroethene						1					j
1,1 Dichloroethane					<del>-</del>	1					!
2-Butanone (MEK)		ļ			<del>,</del>		····				1
cis 1,2 Dichloroethene		\ 					†···				†
1,2 Dichloroethane	3460		44.4				† ·	<del></del> -		<del></del>	<u> </u>
1,1,1 Trichloroethane	1					† ·					
Benzene	3430				<u> </u>		<del> </del>			410	170
Carbon tetrachloride						†	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	· ·	410	420
Trichloroethene		İ				<del> </del>		<del> </del>		<u> </u>	
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)						†	·	<del> </del>			
1,1,2 Trichloroethane					†	1	<del></del>	<del> </del>			
Toluene				.,	†	ļ	<u> </u>		<del></del>	ļ	i
Tetrachloroethene	1	]				<del> </del>	<del> </del> ·	<del> </del>			
Chlorobenzene						<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<u>-</u>			· -
Ethylbenzene	4320					<u> </u>				250	260
m+p Xylene	13800	16.7			<u> </u>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>		250	260
Styrene						<del> </del>			<del> </del>		32
o Xylene											
TOTAL VOCs (PPM)	29.46	0.0167	0.0444	0	0	1 0	0		1	4.56	3.712

			FB	TB	FB							i
chk'd to 3/14/96	GP88	GP89	2/5/96	2/5/97	2/6/96	GP90	GP91	GP92	GP93	GP94	GP95	GP96
Compound - Field GC	ug/L_	_ug/1.	ug/L	ug/L_	ug/l	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	บฐ/1.	ug/L
Acetone	159	2910				3960		81.5	42.7		<del>                                     </del>	<u> </u>
1,1 Dichloroethene				-							-	
trans 1,2 Dichloroethene												<del>!</del>
1,1 Dichloroethane						940			<del> </del>			
2-Butanone (MEK)						504						1
cis 1,2 Dichloroethene						25700					<del> </del>	<del>-</del> -
1,2 Dichloroethane										10	-	·- ·
1,1,1 Trichloroethane	<b></b>					226				<del></del>		
Benzene		1060				8260			5			•
Carbon tetrachloride	ļ										<del>-</del>	1
Trichloroethene									†		-	+
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)				Marke - res ,		8960	10.:			ļ	. <del>.</del> .	•
1,1.2 Trichloroethane							<u>†</u>		+		†	
Toluene				L		18300					<u> </u>	
Tetrachloroethene					i			İ			1	1
Chlorobenzene	l	ļ			·			ļ · · ·	5.6	•	•	•
Ethylbenzene		1050				4530	<b>!</b> 		1	•	*	•
m+p Xylene		4450				18800	6.1	•			•	
Styrene			ļ 		ļ			T		•	•	•
o Xylene				·-·		2830				ł l	:	•
TOTAL VOCs (PPM)	0.159	9.47			1	93.01	0.0162	0.0815	0.0533	0.01	·	······································

chk'd to 3/14/96	GP97	GP98	TB 2/6/96	GP99	GP100	GP101	GP102	GP103	GP104	GP-2/6/96-TB	GP105
Compound - Field GC	ug/L_	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/J.	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	пу/Г.
Acetone							-	<del> </del>	47.9	J GENT	205
1,1 Dichloroethene		1									7.2
trans 1,2 Dichloroethene							·				7.2
1,1 Dichloroethane		Ì								ļ	10.1
2-Butanone (MEK)					T				···		20.1
cis 1,2 Dichloroethene											
1,2 Dichloroethane					•	· — · ·	<u> </u>				42.1
1,1,1 Trichloroethane			_		1		} ·			<del></del>	į
Benzene						÷				<u>.                                    </u>	
Carbon tetrachloride	· [	1						·		<del></del>	52.5
Trichloroethene	T ·		7	<del>                                     </del>	·		i				: r
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)											
1.1,2 Trichloroethane					† — —	<del> </del> - <del></del>		<u> </u>			
Toluene			T								· !
Tetrachloroethene			1	<u> </u>		ļ		† ··		<del>-</del>	ļ
Chlorobenzene				† · ·		ļ					
Ethylbenzene											
m+p Xylene			1		<u> </u>						
Styrene					· · · ·						i I
o Xylene			1	<del> </del>		<del> </del>					
					†						 
TOTAL VOCs (PPM)	0	0	Ť	0	0					<u></u>	
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0	0	0	0.0479	0	0.3269

chk'd to 3/14/96	GP106	GP107	GP-2/6/96-FB	GP-2/7/96-TB	GP-2/7/96-FB	FB 2/7 Dup	GP108	FB 2/8/96	GP109	GPHO
Compound - Field GC	ug/L	ug/L	ug/l_	ug/l.	ug/L	ug/l.	ug/L	ug/l.	ug/1.	ug/l
Acetone	37.5	860							4	<u>'E''</u>
1,1 Dichloroethene							<u> </u>	e. c.		
trans 1,2 Dichloroethene		14.3					<u> </u>			
1,1 Dichloroethane									:	
2-Butanone (MEK)							<del>                                     </del>			
cis 1,2 Dichloroethene										
1,2 Dichloroethane					24	23				
1,1,1 Trichloroethane					12	12				
Benzene	118	5320					<del> </del>		<del> </del>	
Carbon tetrachloride									··	
Trichloroethene										-
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)		18.4					6.1			
1,1,2 Trichloroethane							0.1	* * *	<del> </del> - ·· ·	
Toluene							<del></del>			
Tetrachloroethene										
Chlorobenzene					·		· <del>[</del>		<del> </del>	}
Ethylbenzene										
m+p Xylene							† · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1		
Styrene										
o Xylene										
							<u> </u>			
TOTAL VOCs (PPM)	0.1555	6.2127	0	0	0.0359	0.03552263	0.0061		0	0

1,1 Dichloroethene trans 1,2 Dichloroethene 1,1 Dichloroethane 2-Butanone (MEK) cis 1,2 Dichloroethene 1,2 Dichloroethene 1,1 Trichloroethane 1,1,1 Trichloroethane Benzene Carbon tetrachloride Trichloroethene 4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK) 1,1,2 Trichloroethane Toluene Tetrachloroethene Chlorobenzene Ethylbenzene Ethylbenzene m+p Xylene Styrene	ug/L 240	ug/L		GP119	GP120	GP121
1,1 Dichloroethene trans 1,2 Dichloroethene 1,1 Dichloroethane 2-Butanone (MEK) cis 1,2 Dichloroethene 1,2 Dichloroethene 1,2 Dichloroethane 1,1,1 Trichloroethane Benzene Carbon tetrachloride Trichloroethene 4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK) 1,1,2 Trichloroethane Toluene Tetrachloroethene Chlorobenzene Ethylbenzene m+p Xylene Styrene			ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	!   ug/L
2-Butanone (MEK)       cis 1,2 Dichloroethene         1,2 Dichloroethane       1,1,1 Trichloroethane         Benzene       Carbon tetrachloride         Trichloroethene       4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)         1,1,2 Trichloroethane       11,2 Trichloroethane         Toluene       Tetrachloroethene         Chlorobenzene       Ethylbenzene         m+p Xylene       Styrene		175		16.6	719	4780
1,1 Dichloroethane       2-Butanone (MEK)         cis 1,2 Dichloroethene       1,2 Dichloroethane         1,2 Dichloroethane       1,1,1 Trichloroethane         Benzene       2         Carbon tetrachloride       7richloroethene         4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)       1,1,2 Trichloroethane         Toluene       7         Tetrachloroethene       Chlorobenzene         Ethylbenzene       Ethylbenzene         m+p Xylene       Styrene				10.0	<del></del>	4780
1,2 Dichloroethane       1,1,1 Trichloroethane         Benzene       2         Carbon tetrachloride       3         Trichloroethene       4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)         1,1,2 Trichloroethane       3         Toluene       3         Tetrachloroethene       3         Chlorobenzene       3         Ethylbenzene       3         m+p Xylene       3         Styrene       3						
cis 1,2 Dichloroethene  1,2 Dichloroethane  1,1,1 Trichloroethane  Benzene Carbon tetrachloride Trichloroethene 4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK) 1,1,2 Trichloroethane Toluene Tetrachloroethene Chlorobenzene Ethylbenzene m+p Xylene Styrene			ļ	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	
Toluene Tetrachloroethene Chlorobenzene Ethylbenzene m+p Xylene Styrene				<del> </del>	<del> </del>	
1,1,1 Trichloroethane       Benzene         Carbon tetrachloride       Carbon tetrachloride         Trichloroethene       4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)         1,1,2 Trichloroethane       Toluene         Toluene       Chlorobenzene         Ethylbenzene       Ethylbenzene         m+p Xylene       Styrene				ļ	-	•
Benzene   Carbon tetrachloride   Trichloroethene			<b></b>	<del> </del>		
Carbon tetrachloride         Trichloroethene           4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)         1,1,2 Trichloroethane           Toluene         Tetrachloroethene           Chlorobenzene         Ethylbenzene           m+p Xylene         Styrene		<del></del>		<del></del>		
Trichloroethene  4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)  1,1,2 Trichloroethane  Toluene  Tetrachloroethene  Chlorobenzene  Ethylbenzene m+p Xylene  Styrene	710			5.2		4600
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MTBK)  1,1,2 Trichloroethane  Toluene  Tetrachloroethene  Chlorobenzene  Ethylbenzene  m+p Xylene  Styrene		†		- 3.2	131	1580
1,1,2 Trichloroethane       1,1,2 Trichloroethane         Toluene       1,2 Trichloroethane         Tetrachloroethene       1,2 Trichloroethane         Chlorobenzene       1,2 Trichloroethane         Ethylbenzene       1,2 Trichloroethane         Ethylbenzene       1,3 Trichloroethane         M+p Xylene       1,3 Trichloroethane         Styrene       1,3 Trichloroethane		<u> </u>		<del> </del>	<del></del>	
Toluene Tetrachloroethene Chlorobenzene Ethylbenzene m+p Xylene Styrene		<del> </del>	<del></del>	<del> </del>		
Tetrachloroethene Chlorobenzene Ethylbenzene m+p Xylene Styrene		-	<u> </u>	<del></del>		ļ
Chlorobenzene Ethylbenzene m+p Xylene Styrene		t	<del></del>	<del></del>		ļ
Ethylbenzene m+p Xylene Styrene		†		<del> </del>	<del> </del>	ļ
m+p Xylene Styrene	49.6	}	·	10.6	<del> </del>	
Styrene	666		<del> </del>	10.6	<del> </del>	1
Styrene	4550	<del></del>	<u> </u>	<del> </del>	245	635
7	1,550	<del></del>	<del></del>		245	6625
o Xylene						ļ
TOTAL VOCs (PPM) 0 0.172 0 0.0533 0	6.2156	0.175	0	0.0324		! 

chk'd to 3/14/96	GP122	GP123	GP124	GP125	GP126	GP127	GP127 Dup	GP128	GP129	GP130	CD 2/0/04 TD
Compound - Field GC	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/I.	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	GP-2/9/96-TB
Acetone	834	6000	3810		51.4	13.4	28	<u> </u>	ugil	168	ug/l.
1,1 Dichloroethene								<del>                                     </del>	<del> </del>	108	
trans 1,2 Dichloroethene					1		1	1	<b></b>		<del></del>
1,1 Dichloroethane											
2-Butanone (MEK)											<del> </del>
cis 1,2 Dichloroethene								<del> </del>			<del> </del>
1,2 Dichloroethane							<del> </del>	<del>                                     </del>			<del> </del>
1,1,1 Trichloroethane								<del>                                     </del>	<u> </u>		<del></del>
Benzene		1590	6950			ļ	5.2	506	<del></del>		<del>}</del>
Carbon tetrachloride							3.2	300		<u> </u>	<del> </del>
Trichloroethene							<del>                                     </del>	<del> </del>	<del>                                     </del>		<del></del>
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)								<del></del>	<del> </del>		
1,1,2 Trichloroethane							<del> </del>		<del> </del>		<del></del>
Toluene								ļ	<b></b>		<del></del>
Tetrachloroethene							<del> </del>	<del>-</del>			
Chlorobenzene					15.1	6	9	ļ	<del> </del>		1
Ethylbenzene							<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>		İ
m+p Xylene		2090			T			4870	<del> </del>		1
Styrene		8940					<del> </del>	7070			1
o Xylene					<b>*</b> · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				-		
TROUBLE MOCK (DDLA)	0.924	19.62	10.76								÷ -
TOTAL VOCs (PPM)	0.834	18.62	10.76	0	0.0665	0.0194	0.0422	5.376	0	0.168	0

chk'd to 3/14/96	GP-2/12-96-FB	GP-2/12/96-TB	GP57A	GP68A		GP132	GP133	GP133	FB 2/19/96	TB 2/19/96	GP134
Compound - Field GC	ug/L	ug/L_	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/I.	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L
Acetone			1400	348			61.6	58	<del></del>		412
1,1 Dichloroethene											
trans 1,2 Dichloroethene							<u> </u>			<del></del>	
1,1 Dichloroethane								<del></del>	<del></del>		Ļ Ī
2-Butanone (MEK)							<u> </u>		<del> </del>		<u> </u>
cis 1,2 Dichloroethene											
1,2 Dichloroethane			· · · · <del>- · · ·</del> · · ·						<del> </del>	<del> </del>	· •
1,1,1 Trichloroethane								<del></del>			•
Benzene			44700			ļ	5.1	5.1	ļ	<del> </del>	-
Carbon tetrachloride				†			3.1	3.1			1100
Trichloroethene				· ·		†···	·		<del> </del>		]
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)							<del>                                     </del>		<del> </del>		
1,1,2 Trichloroethane						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<del></del>			1
Toluene											í Ť
Tetrachloroethene						<del></del>	<del> </del>		ł	ļ	•
Chlorobenzene		+ · · · · ·	·			j	f		·		· •
Ethylbenzene									<b>├</b>		84.1
m+p Xylene				<del>                           </del>							16.5
Styrene						ļ ·					16.1
o Xylene											: 
TOTAL VOCs (PPM)	0	0	46.1	0.348	0	0	0.0667	0.0631			1.6287

Styrenc o Xylene		-									1
m+p Xylene			ļ							1	1
Ethylbenzene			ļ <u> </u>								i
Chlorobenzene											
Tetrachloroethene											•
Toluenc		1					1				+
1,1,2 Trichloroethane											<del> </del> -
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)											ļ
Trichloroethene											
Carbon tetrachloride										~	
Benzene		5.3					<del> </del>				
1,1,1 Trichloroethane							†				<del> </del>
1,2 Dichloroethane							<u> </u>				
cis 1,2 Dichloroethene							<del> </del>				†
2-Butanone (MEK)					· · · ·		<del> </del>				
1,1 Dichloroethane	·	<del> </del>								- · · · · · ·	
trans 1,2 Dichloroethene							<del> </del>				
1,1 Dichloroethene		1 - 1 - 1				32.4	21.3				
Acetone		19.2		ug/1.	50.2	ug/L_	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/1.	ug/L.
Compound - Field GC	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/l.	ug/L_		i	l.		GP-2/20/96-FB	+GP 2/20/96 T1
chk'd to 3/14/96	GP135	GP136 (R)	GP137 (R)	GP138 (R)	GP139	GP139 Dup	CD140 (D)	CDIAL (D)	(1D) 42 (1)		

chk'd to 3/14/96	GP52A	GP143	GP144	GP145	GP-2/21/96-TB	GP-2/21/96-FB	GP66A	GP70A	GP71A	GP146
Compound - Field GC	ug/L	ug/L_	ug/L_	ug/L_	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/l.	ug∕I.	ug/L
Acetone		58.5								<u> </u>
1,1 Dichloroethene										
trans 1,2 Dichloroethene									ł	
1,1 Dichloroethane										
2-Butanone (MEK)								<del></del>		<del> </del>
cis 1,2 Dichloroethene								- <del></del>	ļ·	
1,2 Dichloroethane										-
1,1,1 Trichloroethane										
Benzene		252	172			!		ļ	ļ	-
Carbon tetrachloride		1	·			<u> </u>				
Trichloroethene									+	<del> </del>
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)				-	† · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	† · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			<del>-</del>	<del> </del>
1,1,2 Trichloroethane						† <del>-</del>				ļ
Toluene						†		<del></del> -	ļ	
Tetrachloroethene			<del>,                                     </del>	• · · · · · · · · - ·						
Chlorobenzene					<b>†</b>					
Ethylbenzene				·		· ·				
m+p Xylene		105				1				
Styrene										<del> </del>
o Xylene					† — · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			<del></del>		
TOTAL VOCa (DDM)	0	0.4155	0.172	-						
TOTAL VOCs (PPM)	<u> </u>	0.4133	0.172	0	0	1 0 1	0	0	0	0

chk'd to 3/14/96	GP-2/29/96-TB		GP148	GP149	GP150	GP151	GP152	GP153	GP-3/1/96-I·B	GP 3/1/96-TB
Compound - Field GC	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L_	ug/l.	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L
Acetone								15		<u></u>
1,1 Dichloroethene									<u> </u>	
trans 1,2 Dichloroethene										
1,1 Dichloroethane										
2-Butanone (MEK)								ļ		
cis 1,2 Dichloroethene										
1,2 Dichloroethane										
1,1,1 Trichloroethane						†——			<del> </del>	
Benzene						† <u>-</u>	<del> </del>		<del> </del>	
Carbon tetrachloride										
Trichloroethene										
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)			1			<u> </u>	<del> </del>			
1,1,2 Trichloroethane										
Toluene									<del></del>	
Tetrachloroethene					1	ļ				İ
Chlorobenzene			1			İ	<u> </u>	<del> </del>		ļ T
Ethylbenzene				-	!	† · — -———	<del> </del>			†
m+p Xylene					t	ļ	<u> </u>			
Styrene				· '	ļ ·	<del> </del>				•
o Xylene			1	1		1	***		1	<b>!</b>
						<u>+</u>				· • - ·
TOTAL VOCs (PPM)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.015	<del></del>	<b></b>

chk'd to 3/14/96	GP154	GP155	GP156	GP157	GP158	GP159	GP160	GP161	GP-3/4/96-FB	GP-3/4/96-TB	:   SW101
Compound - Field GC	ug/I.	ug/L	ug/1.	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L
Acetone			34	38			<20				
1,1 Dichloroethene					i						ĺ
trans 1,2 Dichloroethene											:
1,1 Dichloroethane											i ·
2-Butanone (MEK)										<del> </del>	
cis 1,2 Dichloroethene											÷.
1,2 Dichloroethane											•
1,1,1 Trichloroethane										i	i
Benzene			38.8		-						- 1180
Carbon tetrachloride										<del> </del>	1190
Trichloroethene											
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)											!
1,1,2 Trichloroethane		ļ									
Toluene									<u> </u>		:
Tetrachloroethene					1					<del> </del>	•
Chlorobenzene			ļ								:
Ethylbenzene						· ·					
m+p Xylene					I				† · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1
Styrene					I			·-·		<del> </del>	:
o Xylene					I					ļ	i
TOTAL VOCs (PPM)	0	0	0.0728	0.038	0	0	0	0	0		1.18